

Translated and Published by Japanese Standards Association

$JIS \; Z \; 2811 : {}^{\tiny 2021}$

Test method for repetitiveness of bacteria reduction activity

Date of Establishment: 2021-03-22

Date of Public Notice in Official Gazette: 2021-03-22

Investigated by: Japanese Industrial Standards Committee

Standards Board for ISO area

Technical Committee on Consumer Life Products

JIS Z 2811 : 2021, First English edition published in 2021-09

Translated and published by: Japanese Standards Association Mita MT Building, 3-13-12, Mita, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-0073 JAPAN

> In the event of any doubts arising as to the contents, the original JIS is to be the final authority.

© JSA 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

Printed in Japan

Contents

Page

Introduction1		
1	Scope1	
2	Normative references · · · · · 1	
3	Terms and definitions $\cdots 2$	
4	Test method $\cdots 2$	
4.1	Bacteria used in test ······2	
4.2	Reagents and materials	
4.3	Instruments and devices ····································	
4.4	Sterilization method ······5	
4.5	Culture media, buffer solution and physiological saline $\cdots \cdots \cdots$	
4.6	Preservation of test bacterial strains7	
4.7	Outline of repetitive disinfection activity testing	
4.8	Preparation and cleaning of test pieces	
4.9	Repetitive testing11	
4.10	Measurement of reduced values ······13	
4.11	Expression of test results ······16	
4.12	Judgement of repetitive disinfection effect17	
5	Test report ······17	
Annex A (informative) Example of repetitive disinfection effect judgement18		

Foreword

This Japanese Industrial Standard has been established by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry, through deliberations at the Japanese Industrial Standards Committee in accordance with the Industrial Standardization Act.

This **JIS** document is protected by the Copyright Act.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some parts of this Standard may conflict with patent rights, published patent application or utility model rights. The relevant Minister and the Japanese Industrial Standards Committee are not responsible for identifying any of such patent rights, published patent application or utility model rights.

Test method for repetitiveness of bacteria reduction activity

Introduction

This Japanese Industrial Standard has been established to specify the test method for the repetitiveness of bacteria reduction activity, referring to the test method specified in **JIS Z 2801** : 2012.

The main difference between this Standard and **JIS Z 2801** in technical contents is the testing of repetitive disinfection effect. This Standard adds the method for repetitive inoculation of test bacterial suspension and changes the contact period from 24 h to 4 h.

No corresponding International Standard has been established at this point.

1 Scope

This Standard specifies the testing method of repetitive disinfection effect on bacteria found on the surfaces of products that have undergone "repetitive disinfection" processing and are used by many people, mainly at nursing homes, hospitals and schools, and also used in environments requiring special consideration in terms of maintenance for environmental health reasons.

This Standard is applicable to plastic products, metal products, ceramic products and the like, and does not cover textiles, soft foamed materials such as sponges, and products utilizing such materials.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Standard. The most recent editions of the standards (including amendments) indicated below shall be applied.

JIS K 0050	General rules for chemical analysis
JIS K 0950	Sterilized plastic petri dishes
JIS K 0970	Piston pipettes
JIS K 3800	Class II biological safety cabinets
JIS K 8101	Ethanol (99.5) (Reagent)
JIS K 8150	Sodium chloride (Reagent)
JIS K 8180	Hydrochloric acid (Reagent)
JIS K 8263	Agar (Reagent)
JIS K 8576	Sodium hydroxide (Reagent)
JIS K 9007	Potassium dihydrogen phosphate (Reagent)

PROTECTED BY COPYRIGHT