

JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD

General rule of ultrasonic testing of metals by pulse echo technique

JIS Z 2344--1993

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by

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In the event of any doubt arising, the original Standard in Japanese is to be final authority.

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JIS

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1. Scope This Japanese Industrial Standard specifies the general items relating to detection and evaluation a discontinuity (hereafter called "flaw") by the ultrasonic testing using pulse echo technique with A scope presentation (hereafter called "ultrasonic testing").

Remarks:

The following standards are cited in this Standard.

JIS Z 2300-Glossary of terms used in nondestructive testing

JIS Z 2345-Standard test blocks for ultrasonic testing

JIS Z 2350-Method for measurement of performance characteristics of ultrasonic probes

JIS Z 2352-Method for assessing the overall performance characteristics of ultrasonic pulse echo testing instrument

JIS Z 2354-Method for measurement of ultrasonic attenuation coefficient of solid by pulse echo technique

- 2. <u>Definition of terms</u> The definitions of the major technical terms used in this Standard are subject to JIS Z 2300.
- 3. Presentation of testing diagram
- 3.1 <u>Basic symbols</u> The following basic symbols should be applied to display the testing diagram, and the examples of the use of these symbols are shown in Fig. 1.

T: Transmitter pulse indication

F: Flaw echo

B: Back wall echo (including edge echo)

S: Surface echo (used in the immersion testing method)

W: Side wall echo

Related standard:

JIS Z 2351- Method for assessing the electrical characteristics of ultrasonic testing instrument using pulse echo technique