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General rules for electrical conductivity measuring method

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Foreword

This translation has been made based on the original Japanese Industrial Standard revised by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry through deliberations at the Japanese Industrial Standards Committee as the result of proposal of revision of Japanese Industrial Standard submitted by Japan Analytical Instruments Manufacturers' Association (JAIMA)/Japanese Standards Association (JSA) with the draft being attached, based on the provision of Article 12 Clause 1 of the Industrial Standardization Law applicable to the case of revision by the provision of Article 14.

Consequently JIS K 0130: 1995 is replaced with this Standard.

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General rules for electrical conductivity measuring method

JIS K 0130: 2008

1 Scope

This Japanese Industrial Standard specifies the measuring method of electrical conductivities in the range of 5 μ S/m to 200 S/m (25 °C) of electrolytic aqueous solution and water (river water, sea water, rain water, distilled water, ionized water, etc.).

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Standard. The most recent editions of the standards (including amendments) indicated below shall be applied.

JIS K 0213 Technical terms for analytical chemistry (Electrochemistry part)

JIS K 0557 Water used for industrial water and wastewater analysis

JIS K 1107 Nitrogen

JIS K 8121 Potassium chloride (Reagent)

JIS Z 8710 Temperature measurement — General requirement

3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this Standard, the terms and definitions in **JIS K 0213** and the following apply.

3.1 conductance

the reciprocal of electrical resistance (R) of solution in a space between electrodes which is filled with electrolytic aqueous solution

NOTE: The symbol is G, and the unit is S (siemens).

3.2 electrical conductivity, electric conductivity, electrolytic conductivity

the reciprocal of the electrical resistance measured after filling a container wherein two plane electrodes of 1 m^2 in area are opposed to each other at a distance of 1 m with electrolytic aqueous solution

NOTE: It is also called "DÔDENRITU" (Japanese). The symbol is κ , and the unit is S/m. The units mS/m and μ S/m are also used depending on the conductivity value.

3.3 cell

the container made of electrical insulating material, to which electrodes for measurement of electrical conductivity are fixed