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Steels — Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size

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In the event of any doubts arising as to the contents, the original JIS is to be the final authority.

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Foreword

This Japanese Industrial Standard has been revised by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry through deliberations at the Japanese Industrial Standards Committee as the result of proposal for revision of Japanese Industrial Standard submitted by The Japan Iron and Steel Federation (JISF) with a draft being attached, based on the provision of Article 12, paragraph (1) of the Industrial Standardization Act applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to the provision of Article 16 of the said Act. This edition replaces the previous edition (JIS G 0551:2013), which has been technically revised.

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Steels — Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size

JIS G 0551: 2020

Introduction

This Japanese Industrial Standard has been prepared based on **ISO 643**: 2012, Edition 3, with some modifications of the technical contents.

The vertical lines on both sides and dotted underlines indicate changes from the corresponding International Standard. A list of modifications with the explanations is given in Annex JE. Annexes JA to JD are unique to **JIS** and not given in the corresponding International Standard.

1 Scope

This Standard specifies a micrographic method of determining apparent ferritic or austenitic grain size in steels. It describes the methods of revealing grain boundaries and of estimating the mean grain size of specimens with unimodal size distribution.

- NOTE 1 Although grains are three-dimensional in shape, the metallographic sectioning plane can cut through a grain at any point from a grain corner, to the maximum diameter of the grain, thus producing a range of apparent grain sizes on the two-dimensional plane, even in a sample with a perfectly consistent grain size.
- NOTE 2 The International Standard corresponding to this Standard and the symbol of degree of correspondence are as follows.

ISO 643: 2012 Steels — Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size (MOD)

In addition, symbols which denote the degree of correspondence in the contents between the relevant International Standards and **JIS** are IDT (identical), MOD (modified), and NEQ (not equivalent) according to **ISO/IEC Guide 21-1**.

WARNING Persons carrying out tests based on this Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This Standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this Standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Standard. The most recent editions of the standards (including amendments) indicated below shall be applied.

JIS G 0561 Method of hardenability test for steel (End quenching method)

ISO 3785 Metallic materials — Designation of test specimen axes in relation to