

## JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD

## Operating conditions for industrial-process measurement and control equipment

JIS C 1804-1995

Translated and Published

by

**Japanese Standards Association** 

In the event of any doubt arising, the original Standard in Japanese is to be final authority.

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JIS

Operating conditions for industrial-process C 1804-1995 measurement and control equipment

- This Japanese Industrial Standard specifies environmental operating conditions for industrial-process measurement and control equipment. If there is a standard which defines environmental operating conditions for a specific equipment, this Standard shall be followed.
  - The environmental operating conditions dealt with here Remarks 1. include environmental conditions to which the equipment is exposed during running, installation period before running, transportation and storage.
    - 2. The following standards are cited in this Standard:
      - JIS B 0155 Glossary of terms used in industrial process measurement and control
      - JIS Z 8103 Glossary of terms used in instrumentation
    - 3. The International Standards corresponding to this Standard are given below.
      - IEC 654-1 Industrial-process measurement and control equipment - Operating conditions Part 1 (1993) Climatic conditions
      - IEC 654-2 to 4 Operating conditions for industrialprocess measurement and control equipment Part 2 (1979) Power Part 3 (1983) Mechanical influences part 4 (1987) Corrosive and erosive influences
- For the purpose of this Standard, in addition to the Definitions definitions given in JIS B 0155 and JIS Z 8103, the following principal definitions apply:
- Electromagnetic phenomena existing in a (1) electromagnetic environment place.
- The phenomenon whereby living organisms, organic matter, (2) inorganic solids, liquids or gases by themselves or as catalysts can cause or initiate gradual destruction of material through a chemical action.
- The phenomenon whereby living organisms, organic matter, (3) erosion inorganic solids, liquids or gases by their physical properties and their condition can mechanically break down or modify the structure of a variety of materials.